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TITLE:

Transgenic mammals having human Ig loci including plural Vh and Vk regions and antibodies produced

therefrom

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INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

CITY	STATE	COUNTRY	RULE-47
Menlo Park	CA	US	
Darien	CT	US	
Stanford	CA	US	
El Granada	CA	US	
San Francisco	CA	US	
	Menlo Park Darien Stanford El Granada	Menlo Park CA Darien CT Stanford CA El Granada CA	Menlo Park CA US Darien CT US Stanford CA US El Granada CA US

US-CL-CURRENT: 800/14, 435/325, 435/372, 435/455

ABSTRACT:

The present invention relates to transgenic non-human animals that are engineered to contain human immunoglobulin gene loci. In particular, animals in accordance with the invention possess human Ig loci that include plural variable (V.sub.H and V.kappa.) gene regions. Advantageously, the inclusion of plural variable region genes enhances the specificity and diversity of human antibodies produced by the animal. Further, the inclusion of such regions enhances and reconstitutes B-cell development to the animals, such that the animals possess abundant mature B-cells secreting extremely high affinity antibodies.

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Abstract Paragraph - ABTX (1):

The present invention relates to transgenic non-human animals that are engineered to contain human immunoglobulin gene loci. In particular, animals in accordance with the invention possess human Ig loci that include plural variable (V.sub.H and V.kappa.) gene regions. Advantageously, the inclusion of plural variable region genes enhances the specificity and diversity of human antibodies produced by the animal. Further, the inclusion of such regions enhances and reconstitutes B-cell development to the animals, such that the animals possess abundant mature B-cells secreting extremely high affinity antibodies.

Current US Classification, US Primary Class/Subclass - CCPR (1): 800/14

Continuity Related Application Date - RLFD (2): 19961203

Summary of Invention Paragraph - BSTX (3):

[0003] The present invention relates to transgenic non-human animals that are engineered to contain human immunoglobulin gene loc. In particular, animals in accordance with the invention possess human Ig loci that include plural variable (V.sub.H and V.kappa.) gene regions. Advantageously, the inclusion of plural variable region genes enhances the specificity and diversity of human antibodies produced by the animal. Further, the inclusion of such regions enhances and reconstitutes B-cell development to the animals, such that the animals possess abundant mature B-cells secreting extremely high affinity antibodies.

Summary of Invention Paragraph - BSTX (6):

[0006] An important practical application of such a strategy is the "humanization" of the mouse humoral immune system. Introduction of human immunoglobulin (Ig) loci into mice in which the endogenous Ig genes have been inactivated offers the opportunity to study of the mechanisms underlying programmed expression and assembly of antibodies as well as their role in B-cell development. Furthermore, such a strategy could provide an ideal source for production of fully human monoclonal antibodies (Mabs)—an important milestone towards fulfilling the promise of antibody therapy in human disease. Fully human antibodies are expected to minimize the immunogenic and allergic responses intrinsic to mouse or mouse-derivatized Mabs and thus to increase the efficacy and safety of the administered antibodies. The use of fully human antibodies can be expected to provide a substantial advantage in the treatment of chronic and recurring human diseases, such as inflammation, autoimmunity, and cancer, which require repeated antibody administrations.